



OFFICE OF

Los Alamos National Laboratory's **Chromium Project**



ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT SAFETY & PERFORMANCE & CLEANUP & CLOSURE

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Presentation Outline

- Frequently asked questions
- Chromium facts
- Background
- Where is the chromium plume?
- What is being done about it?





- Is the County's drinking water safe?
- Where did the chromium contamination come from?
- Is it still being released to the environment?
- Do we know where it is?
- What is the Laboratory doing about it?
- How does chromium treatment work?
- How will the contamination be fully remedied?
- What is the timeframe?





Chromium Facts

> Chromium occurs naturally in two forms:

- "Trivalent"
 - Considered an essential nutrient (found in vitamins and food)
 - Doesn't move in groundwater
- "Hexavalent"



- "Dissolves" in water and can move in groundwater
- Can change to trivalent chromium either naturally or using remediation approaches
- LANL Chromium plume is hexavalent form
- Chromium was once used to prevent corrosion in power plant cooling towers







Chromium in Groundwater Beneath LANL

Potassium dichromate used in cooling towers at a Laboratory power plant
Up to 72,000 kg (159,000 lb) released from 1956-72 in hexavalent form [Cr(VI)]



- 3 groundwater zones
- Plume is 900–1,000 feet below canyon bottom in deepest zone
- Size is approximately 1 mile x 1/2 mile x <50 feet thick
- Estimated downgradient plume edge is approximately 1/4 mile from the closest drinking water well





EM-LA

Where is the plume?





Where is the plume? (cont.)



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What is being done about it?





Extraction, Treatment & Injection Loop



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What is being done about it? (cont.)





- Restart operations along Laboratory boundary with Pueblo de San Ildefonso in January
- Full system operation summer/fall
- Continued studies to evaluate final remedy



Questions?