



INCORPORATED COUNTY OF LOS ALAMOS
DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT POLICY
2024 Draft

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | | |
|-------|--|----|
| I. | INTRODUCTION | 3 |
| II. | POLICY STATEMENT..... | 3 |
| III. | GOVERNMENT AUTHORITY..... | 3 |
| IV. | SCOPE | 3 |
| V. | GENERAL OBJECTIVES..... | 4 |
| VI. | IDENTIFICATION OF STRATEGY..... | 5 |
| VII. | STANDARDS OF CARE | 5 |
| VIII. | AUTHORIZED FINANCIAL DEALERS, ADVISORS AND INSTITUTIONS..... | 5 |
| IX. | SAFEKEEPING, CUSTODY AND CONTROLS..... | 7 |
| X. | AUTHORIZED INVESTMENTS | 8 |
| XI. | INVESTMENT PARAMETERS | 9 |
| XII. | GUIDELINE MEASUREMENTS | 11 |
| XIII. | REPORTING..... | 12 |
| XIV. | BUSINESS CONTINUITY..... | 12 |
| XV. | POLICY ADOPTION..... | 12 |

I. INTRODUCTION

The Incorporated County of Los Alamos (County) is governed by a Charter, and a Municipal Code of Ordinances, and applicable state and federal laws. The County exercises powers of a county and a municipal corporation under the constitution and laws of the State of New Mexico. Section 103 of the County Charter provides for maximum self-government and home-rule powers as provided in Article X, Section 6, of the Constitution of the State of New Mexico and in the Municipal Charter Act.

II. POLICY STATEMENT

The County has unrestricted general funds, debt service funds, capital project funds and permanent funds. It is imperative that the County forecast cash flow needs to ensure that liabilities can be paid in a timely manner. Managing deposits and investments requires the County to protect these financial assets from material loss by minimizing market risk, interest rate fluctuations, credit risk and liquidity. Once sufficient liquidity is ensured and risk is minimized, the County focuses on maximizing total return on invested assets.

III. GOVERNING AUTHORITY

The investment of County funds is addressed in the Municipal Code Chapter 20, Article IV – “Deposit and Investment of County Funds”. The Investment Officer is defined under Section 20-402 as the Chief Financial Officer or designee.

The County’s deposits and investments shall be operated in conformance with County Code, New Mexico State law, and applicable Federal law; specifically, this investment policy is written in conformance with §6-10-10, NMSA 1978. All funds within the scope of this policy are subject to all applicable laws. Any amendments to state law shall be incorporated into this policy as appropriate for the County Investment program.

IV. SCOPE

This policy applies to the deposits and investments of the County.

General Funds: Most cash belonging to all funds (excluding certain segregated and restricted cash and investment balances) is pooled into one common account to optimize investment opportunities. Each fund whose monies are deposited in the pooled cash account has equity therein. Interest earned on the investment of these monies is allocated to substantially all of the County’s funds based upon relative equity at year-end. Funds that are solely funded by transfers from the general fund and certain grant funds may not receive interest income. Significant negative balances incurred in pooled cash at year-end are treated as interfund receivables of the General Fund and interfund payables of the deficit fund, except where the deficit fund has liquid investments to offset the deficit in pooled cash. In such cases, the investments are shown net of the pooled cash deficit.

Capital Projects Permanent Funds: The Capital Projects Permanent Fund accounts for amounts set aside by the County Council and the County Charter for capital projects. These amounts are designated for long-term investing. The real value of the fund principal is required by County Charter to be maintained at an annual level that keeps pace with the implicit price deflator for the gross domestic product (GDP). The permanent fund has a portion of fund balance Restricted for Income Stabilization in accordance with County Code Sec. 20-361. This arrangement establishes a cushion in the fund, to allow market fluctuations affect the stabilization balance without impacting the real value of principal.

Cemetery Funds: The Cemetery Fund is a permanent fund set aside for the perpetual care of the Guaje Pines Cemetery. Sixty percent of all funds received from the sale of cemetery spaces is maintained in the perpetual fund and is designated for long-term investing.

Utility Funds: Utility funds shall be invested according to this investment policy.

Unexpended Bond Proceeds: Federal income laws generally restrict the ability to earn arbitrage in connection with tax-exempt bonds. Every attempt shall be made to eliminate or minimize negative arbitrage.

V. GENERAL OBJECTIVES

All funds shall be invested in a manner that is in conformance with applicable federal, state and other legal requirements. In addition, the objectives of the investment activities, in order of priority, will be Safety, Liquidity, and Return. Details on these objectives are as follows:

- a. **Safety:** Safety of principal is the foremost objective of the investments. Investments shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital in the overall investment portfolio. The objective shall be to minimize credit risk and interest rate risk.
 - i. **Credit Risk.** The County shall minimize credit risk and the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by:
 - Limiting investments to securities as authorized in Section X. "Authorized Investments" of this policy ;
 - Pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisers with which the County does business; and
 - Diversifying the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized.
 - ii. **Interest Rate Risk.** The County shall minimize the risk of the decline of market value of securities due to changes in the general level of interest rates, by:
 - Structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations while also satisfying requirements for cash reserves, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity.
- b. **Liquidity:** The investment portfolio shall remain sufficiently liquid to meet all cash flow requirements that may be reasonably anticipated. This is accomplished by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature concurrent with cash needs to meet anticipated demands (static liquidity). Furthermore, since all possible cash demands cannot be anticipated, the investment portfolio of operating investments should consist largely of securities with active secondary or resale markets (dynamic liquidity).
- c. **Return on Investment:** Return on investment is of secondary importance compared to the safety and liquidity objectives described above. Within the constraints of prudent safety and liquidity parameters listed above, the investment portfolio shall be designed with the objective of attaining a market rate of return. Total returns shall be maximized within these constraints.

VI. IDENTIFICATION OF STRATEGY

Liquidity Funds: Investments that are needed for ongoing disbursements for the operations and project funds of the County.

Investment Funds: Intermediate to Short Duration Portfolio of allowable investments that is funded by excess liquidity balances of the County.

Permanent Funds: Longer-term Portfolio that is invested to achieve optimal investment returns over longer term investment horizons.

VII. STANDARDS OF CARE

- a. **Delegation of Authority:** The ultimate responsibility and authority for the investment of County funds resides with the governing body – the Los Alamos County Council. The County hereby designates the Chief Financial Officer, as the Investment Officer, to manage the investment program and ensure compliance with this investment policy, designate eligible investment institutions, review periodic investment reports and monitor investment transactions.

The Investment Officer may designate personnel under the Investment Officer supervision to administer the policy, place investments, maintain accounting records, and prepare investment reports. The Investment Officer shall review this investment policy every two years. Any revisions to the policy shall be presented to County Council for approval.

- b. **Prudence:** The prudence which is to be used by the Investment Officer investing and depositing County funds shall be in accordance with the provisions of § 6-8-10, NMSA 1978 which states, "Investments shall be made with judgement and care; under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived." As part of the Prudent Person Rule, the Investment Officer shall also be subject to the provisions of § 45-7-601 through § 45-7-612, NMSA 1978 (the "Uniform Prudent Investor Act").
- c. **Ethics:** The Investment Officer and any and all investment officials shall refrain from personal business activity that could conflict with the proper execution of the County's investment and deposit policy or which could affect or impair their ability to make impartial decisions on behalf of the County

VIII. AUTHORIZED FINANCIAL DEALERS, ADVISORS AND INSTITUTIONS

The Finance Division of the Administrative Services Department will maintain a list of financial institutions and a list of security broker/dealers that are approved for investment purposes in accordance with the criteria noted below. Additions or deletions to/from the list will be made at the County's discretion. The Finance Division shall maintain proof of all the necessary credentials and licenses held by employees of the broker/dealers who will have contact with the County, including but not limited to the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA), Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), etc. If an Investment Advisor is contracted to manage the broker/dealer transaction then section b. will apply.

- a. **Broker/Dealers:** The Investment Officer shall determine which broker/dealer firms and registered representatives are authorized for the purposes of investing funds within the scope of this policy. The following minimum criteria must be met prior to authorizing investment transactions.

- i. Proof of Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) certification, and
- ii. Proof of New Mexico state registration, and
- iii. Minimum of five (5) years of current and continuous employment history involving fixed income securities, and
- iv. Certification of having read and understood and agreeing to comply with the County's investment policy.

The Investment Officer may impose more stringent criteria.

If an investment advisor firm is retained by the County to execute transactions on behalf of the County, the investment advisor may be granted the authority to execute investment trades and transactions from their approved list of authorized broker/dealers and financial institutions as long as they use due diligence similar to that of the County. The investment advisor shall provide its authorized broker/dealers and financial institutions list to the County annually.

b. Investment Advisors: Investment advisors may be utilized to manage County funds and must meet the following broker/dealer criteria:

- i. The firm must be registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) or be licensed by the state of New Mexico, and
- ii. All investment advisor firm representatives conducting investment advice/transactions on behalf of the County must be registered representatives with FINRA, and
- iii. All investment advisor firm representatives conducting investment advice/transactions on behalf of the County must be licensed by the state of New Mexico, and
- iv. The investment advisor shall comply with the County's investment policy, and such obligation shall be included in the County's contract with the investment advisor, and
- v. The investment advisor must notify the County immediately if any of the following issues arise while providing services under a County contract:
 - Pending investigations by securities regulators,
 - Significant changes in net capital,
 - Pending customer arbitration cases,
 - Regulatory enforcement actions, or
 - Any other issues which come to the attention of the investment advisor that may negatively affect the contractual relationship of the investment advisor or with the County

c. Financial Institutions: In selecting financial institutions for the deposit of County money or collateral, the Investment Officer will consider, among other things, the creditworthiness of the institutions. The Investment Officer will monitor the financial institutions' credit characteristics and financial history throughout the period in which County funds or collateral are deposited and will report the results of such monitoring to the County Manager, as appropriate. Each depository will be required at all times to collateralize County cash and investments in compliance with this Policy.

d. Competitive Transactions: The County shall transact all securities purchases and sales on a competitive pricing basis, based on the following criteria:

- i. At least three pricing sources will be documented on each transaction.
- ii. If only one dealer owns the security, comparable securities may be used to document the pricing.
- iii. Electronic trading is the preferred option for the purchase or sale of a security.

- iv. The County's investment advisor under contract that is providing investment management services shall maintain documentation of competitive pricing execution on each transaction. The investment advisor shall retain documentation and provide to County upon request.
- v. A Local Financial Institution may be considered in the event the competitive bids warrant similar yields to market.

IX. SAFEKEEPING, CUSTODY AND CONTROLS

- a. **Safekeeping of Securities:** All investment securities other than local financial institution Certificates of Deposit purchased by the County shall be held in third-party safekeeping by an institution acceptable to the County. All securities shall be kept and recorded based on the terms of the custodial contract.

All trades of marketable securities shall be executed on a delivery vs payment (DVP) basis or contracted settlement per custodian agreement to ensure that securities are deposited in the County's safekeeping institution prior to the release of funds. The County shall have online access through the safekeeping bank for verification of the account holdings and transactions.

- b. **Internal Controls:** The Investment Officer is responsible for documenting and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the County are protected from loss, theft or misuse. The internal controls and compliance thereof shall be reviewed by independent auditors on an annual basis. The Investment Officer shall review the systems of controls periodically to ensure such controls are effective and that the County is complying with such controls.

The internal controls shall address the following points:

- i. Compliance with this investment policy constraints and requirements, and
 - ii. Clear delegation of authority, and
 - iii. Segregation of duties and separation of responsibilities for trade execution, accounting and recordkeeping, and
 - iv. Custodial safekeeping, and
 - v. Timely reconciliation of custodial reports, and
 - vi. Appropriate security for online transactions and access to bank accounts and bank data, and
 - vii. Review, maintenance and monitoring of security procedures both manual and automated, and
 - viii. Dual controls over entry and authorizations of wire and automated clearing house (ACH) transfers, and
 - ix. Written confirmation of transactions for investments and wire transfers.
- c. **Accounting Method:** The County shall comply with all required legal provisions and applicable Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The GAAP are those contained in the pronouncements of authoritative bodies including but not limited to, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB); the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA); and the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB).
 - d. **Pooling of Funds:** Except for cash in certain restricted and special funds, the County may consolidate balances from all funds to maximize investment earnings. Investment income shall be allocated to the various funds based on their respective cash equity and in accordance with GAAP.
 - e. **Authorized Signatures:** The Finance Division shall maintain a list of all authorized signatories for all authorized County bank and investment accounts. The County Council shall approve this list at least annually or whenever a signature is added or deleted from the master list, whichever is sooner.

X. AUTHORIZED INVESTMENTS

The County's authorized asset classes and investment types are prescribed under Chapter 6, Article 10 of the New Mexico Statutes Annotated, NMSA 1978, Sections 6-10-10, 6-10-10-1, 6-10-16 and 6-10-36. All cash and investments set forth in paragraphs a(i.–xiii.) below must have readily ascertainable market value and be easily marketable.

a. Allowable investments are as follows:

- i. **US Treasury Obligations:** Securities that are issued and backed by the full faith and credit of the United States government; and
- ii. **US Agency Obligations:** issued by its agencies or instrumentalities, including securities issued by federal home loan banks, the federal home loan mortgage corporation, the federal national mortgage association, the federal farm credit banks funding corporation, the federal agricultural mortgage corporation or the government national mortgage association and that have a maturity date that does not exceed ten years from the date of purchase; and
- iii. **Municipal Bonds:** Bonds or negotiable securities of the state of New Mexico, or a county, municipality or school district that has a taxable valuation of real property for the last preceding year of at least one million dollars (\$1,000,000) and that has not defaulted in the payment of any interest or sinking fund obligation or failed to meet any bonds at maturity at any time within five years last preceding and that have a maturity date that does not exceed ten years from the date of purchase; and
- iv. **Federally Insured Obligations:** Federally insured obligations, including brokered certificates of deposit, certificate of deposit account registry service issues, and federally insured cash accounts; and
- v. **State Investment Council Managed Funds:** Shares of pooled investment funds managed by the state Investment Officer, as provided in Subsection I of Section 6-8-7 NMSA 1978; provided that the County Council may allow reasonable administrative and investment expenses to be paid directly from the income or assets of these investments; and
- vi. **Commercial Paper:** Commercial paper rated "A1" or "P1", also known as "prime" quality, by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization, issued by corporations organized and operating within the United States and having a maturity at purchase of no longer than one hundred eighty days; and
- vii. **Money Market Funds:** Shares of an open-ended diversified investment company that: (a) is registered with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission; (b) complies with the diversification, quality and maturity requirements of Rule 2a-7, or any successor rule, of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission applicable to money market mutual funds; and assesses no fees to 12-b1 or any successor fee per SEC; and
- viii. **Repurchase Agreements:** Contracts that involve present purchase and resale at a specified time in the future of specific securities at specified prices at a price differential representing the interest income to be earned by the investor. The contract shall be fully secured by obligations of the United States or the securities of its agencies, instrumentalities or United States government sponsored enterprises having a market value of at least one hundred two percent of the contract. The collateral required for investment in the contracts provided for

in this subsection shall be shown on the books of the financial institution as being the property of the investor and the designation shall be contemporaneous with the investment; and

- ix. **State LGIP:** The State of New Mexico Treasurer's investment pool was created under § 6.10.10.1, NMSA 1978. The Local Government Investment Pool provides for the pooled investments of New Mexico governmental bodies that is professionally managed to the State Treasurer's office. The LGIP must maintain a minimum rating of "AA" by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization; and
- x. **Certificate of Deposit:** Term Deposits issued as certificates of any bank or savings and loan association designated as a depository of public money shall deliver securities of the kind specified in Section 6-10-16 NMSA 1978 to a custodial bank described in Section 6-10-21 NMSA 1978 and shall deliver a joint safekeeping receipt issued by the custodial bank. The securities delivered shall have an aggregate value equal to one times (100% collateral) the amount of the funds received; and
- xi. **Bank Deposits:** Deposits may be made in noninterest-bearing checking accounts or in interest bearing accounts in one or more banks or savings and loan associations designated as checking depositories. In addition, deposits of funds may be in noninterest-bearing accounts in one or more credit unions designated as checking depositories located within the geographical boundaries of the governmental unit to the extent the deposits are insured by an agency of the United States. To be pledged in the name of Los Alamos County, collateralization of all deposits must be at all times 100% collateralized in the amount of funds held.

XI. INVESTMENT PARAMETERS

- a. **Diversification.** It is the policy of the County to diversify its investment portfolios to the extent reasonably practical. Assets shall be diversified to reduce the risk of loss resulting from an over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer or a specific class of securities. Portfolio maturities may be laddered to avoid undue concentration of assets in a specific maturity sector and to reflect cash flow requirements. The County may choose any variation of the following, and is limited to 100% of the amount of its investment.

Total Portfolio Diversification Constraints:

| Issue Type | Maximum % Holdings | Maximum % per Issuer | Ratings S&P, Moody's or Equivalent NRSRO | Years to Maturity |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--|-------------------|
| US Treasury Obligations | 100% | N/A | N/A | 10 Years |
| US Agency Obligations | 100% | 35% | N/A | 10 Years |
| Municipal Bonds | 25% | 5% | AA- / Aa3 | 10 Years |
| Federally Insured Products | 25% | 10% | FDIC Insured | N/A |
| SIC Managed Funds | 50%* | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Commercial Paper | 20% | 5% | A1 / P1 | 180 Days |
| Money Market Funds | 20% | N/A | AAAm | N/A |
| Repurchase Agreements | 10% | 5% | N/A | 3 Years |
| State LGIP | 100% | N/A | AA / Aa2 | N/A |
| Certificates of Deposit | 20% | 5% | LAC Required collateral | 5 Years |
| Bank Deposits - Collateralized | 100% | N/A | LAC Required collateral | N/A |

- b. **Maximum Maturities.** To the extent possible, the Investment Officer shall attempt to match the investment maturities with the anticipated cash flow requirements of the County. Unless designated as long-term funds or matched to a specific cash flow, the County will not invest its pooled investment funds directly in securities maturing more than ten (10) years from the date of purchase, other than the portion of the pooled funds determined to be long-term in nature.

Total Portfolio Maturity Constraints:

| Maturity Constraints | Minimum % of Total Portfolio |
|---|--|
| Under 30 days | 10% |
| Under 1 year | 25% |
| Under 10 years | 100% |
| Maturity Constraints Excluding SIC Funds | Maximum of Total Portfolio in Years |
| Weighted Average Maturity | 3.0 Years |
| Security Structure Constraint | Maximum % of Total Portfolio |
| Callable Agency Securities | 25% |

- c. **Long-term Investments.** The County has institutional balances that are inherently or explicitly long-term in nature, including balances in the general county pooled investments (*no more than 20% of the SIC investments in General Funds), the capital projects permanent fund, the cemetery fund, and the utility decommissioning account. These funds, reserve funds and other funds with longer-term investment horizons may be invested in securities exceeding five (5) years if the maturity of such investments are made to coincide as nearly as practicable with the expected use of funds. The intent to invest in securities with longer maturities shall be disclosed in writing to the County Council.

Investments in the New Mexico State Investment Council’s long-term investment funds shall be made in accordance with established strategic asset allocation guidelines. It is recognized that economic and market conditions will cause the asset allocations to fluctuate within the target ranges.

| | <u>Target Range of Principal Invested</u> |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Fixed Income (Bonds) | 15-45% |
| Core Bond Fund | 10-45% |
| High Yield Bond Fund | 0-20% |
| Domestic Equity | 35-75% |
| Large Cap. Active and Index Funds | 10-60% |
| Mid/Small Cap. Active Fund | 5-30% |
| International Equity | 5-25% |
| Non-U.S. Active Fund | 5-20% |
| Emerging Markets Fund | 0-10% |

- d. **Collateralization.** New Mexico state law requires that all certificates of deposit, money market, checking accounts, and any other investments not backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government, other than investments in the New Mexico State Investment Council long-term investment funds, must be collateralized at 50 percent of the current market value. The County requires that, at all times, pledged collateral be equal to, or greater than, 100 percent of

the current market value of the County's applicable investments. This collateral shall be pledged in the name of the County and held by a third party institution, Federal Reserve Bank, or by a trust institution within the same bank as approved by the Investment Officer. The institution shall issue safekeeping receipts to the County for securities held by a third party.

XII. GUIDELINE MEASUREMENTS

a. Compliance.

- ii. If the investment portfolio falls outside of compliance with this investment policy or is being managed inconsistently with this policy, the Investment Officer shall bring the portfolio back into compliance in a prudent manner and as soon as prudently feasible.
- iii. All action and violations of this investment policy (transactions, actions to bring the portfolio back into compliance, and reasoning for actions taken to bring the portfolio back into compliance) shall be documented and reported to the County Manager in a timely manner.
- iv. Due to fluctuations in the aggregate surplus funds balance, maximum percentages for a particular issuer or investment type may be exceeded at a point in time. Securities need not be liquidated to realign the portfolio; however, consideration should be given to this matter when future purchases are made to ensure that appropriate diversification is maintained.

b. Performance Standards. The investment portfolio shall be managed in accordance with the parameters specified within this policy.

- i. The County yields will be compared to the LGIP rates.
- ii. The investment portfolio shall be invested into a predetermined structure that shall be measured against a selected benchmark portfolio. The structure shall be based upon a chosen minimum and maximum effective duration and shall have the objective to achieve market rates of returns over long investment horizons. The purpose of the benchmark is to appropriately manage the risk in the portfolio given interest rate cycles. The core portfolio is expected to provide similar returns to the benchmark over interest rate cycles but may underperform or overperform in certain periods. The portfolio shall be positioned to first protect principal and then achieve market rates of return. The benchmark used shall be a 0-3 year or 0-5 year standard market index and comparisons shall be calculated monthly and reported quarterly.
- iii. When comparing the performance of the County's portfolio, all fees and expenses involved with managing the portfolio shall be included in the computation of the portfolio's rate of return.
- iv. The mark to market pricing will be calculated monthly and be provided in a monthly report.

c. Monitoring and Portfolio Adjustment. The Investment Policy sets forth concentration constraints and minimum credit ratings for each type of security. These limits apply to the initial purchase of a security and do not automatically trigger the sale of a security as the portfolio value fluctuates or in the event of credit rating downgrade. As a general practice, securities will be purchased with the intent to hold to maturity. However, it is acceptable for securities to be sold under the following circumstances:

- i. A security with declining credit may be sold early to minimize loss of principal;

- ii. The portfolio duration or maturity buckets should be adjusted to better reflect the structure of the underlying benchmark portfolio;
- iii. A security exchange that would improve the quality, yield and target maturity of the portfolio based on market conditions;
- iv. A sale of a security to provide for unforeseen liquidity needs.

XIII. REPORTING

a. Methods. The Investment Officer shall prepare an investment report at least annually, including a management summary. The management summary shall be prepared in a manner to allow the County to ascertain whether investment activities during the reporting period have conformed to the investment policy. The report shall be provided to the County Manager and the County Council. The report shall include the following:

- i. Listing of individual securities held at the end of the reporting period, and
- ii. Changes from the previous report, and
- iii. Schedule of collateral, and
- iv. The cost and market value of individual securities, and
- v. Average weighted yield to maturity of portfolio on investments as compared to applicable benchmarks, and
- vi. Listing of investment by maturity date, and
- vii. Percentage of the total portfolio of which each type of investment represents.

XIV. BUSINESS CONTINUITY

The Investment Officer shall implement procedures that maintain continuity of operations related to the investment program while also maintaining proper internal controls. Some examples include:

- Utilize Advisor to access investment data and monitor trades with brokers even when working remotely.
- Centralized investment software that allows personnel to access data for conducting daily funding and accounting of investment settlements.
- Report of daily transactions to and from safekeeping.
- Recording of deposits and withdrawals to and from LGIP.
- Journal entries of net investments and cash activity related to investments.
- Maintenance of written procedures and documentation that provide guidance and instruction in the absence of Investment Officer.

XV. POLICY ADOPTION

This policy shall be reviewed by the Investment Officer every two years and be revised to reflect changes in policy required by a changing investment market, changes required by federal, state or local laws, or changes to County policy. Any changes must be approved by the County Council.

first adopted by the Council, December 20, 1993
 updated by Council action, July 10, 1995
 updated by Council action, October 3, 2000
 updated by Council action, May 24, 2005

Updated by Council action on May 28, 2024.